



# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE  
United States Patent and Trademark Office  
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS  
P.O. Box 1450  
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450  
[www.uspto.gov](http://www.uspto.gov)

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/672,469	09/26/2003	Shin-Ichi Hashimoto	514802002700	9722
25224	7590	04/08/2004	EXAMINER	
MORRISON & FOERSTER, LLP 555 WEST FIFTH STREET SUITE 3500 LOS ANGELES, CA 90013-1024			QUASH, ANTHONY G	
		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2881	

DATE MAILED: 04/08/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<b>Office Action Summary</b>	<b>Application No.</b>	<b>Applicant(s)</b>
	10/672,469	HASHIMOTO ET AL. <i>AN</i>
	<b>Examiner</b>	<b>Art Unit</b>
	Anthony Quash	2881

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --  
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

**Status**

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2a) This action is FINAL.                    2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

**Disposition of Claims**

- 4) Claim(s) 1-12 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) Claim(s) 1-12 is/are rejected.
- 7) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

**Application Papers**

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) The drawing(s) filed on 26 September 2003 is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

**Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119**

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  
a) All    b) Some \* c) None of:  
  1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
  2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

**Attachment(s)**

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)<br>Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)                                   | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)             |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)<br>Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____  |

***Claim Objections***

Claim 3 is objected to because the phrase "the plurality of ..." in line 3 of claim 3. The phrase "the plurality of ..." should be deleted and replaced with the "a plurality of ...." Appropriate correction is required.

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102***

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1,11,12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Okamoto [314]. As per claims 1,11, and 12, Okamoto [314] discloses an electron beam exposure method and apparatus for exposing a wafer by an electron beam comprising, an electron beam generating section for generating the electron beam, a deflector for deflecting the electron beam, a deflection control section for outputting a deflection control signal for causing the deflector to deflect the electron beam, and a control signal storage section for storing a value of the electron deflection control signal output from the deflection control section. See Okamoto [314] abstract, figs. 1-3,11, col. 1 lines 35-40, col. 3 lines 40-65, col. 4 lines 5-10, 15-62, col. 5 lines 1-15, col. 7 lines 15-40, col. 9 lines 30-60, col. 10 lines 3-40, and col. 14 lines 10-15, 25-40.

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103***

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 2,4-6,9-10, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Okamoto [314]. As per claim 2, Okamoto [314] teaches all aspects of the claim except for explicitly stating that the control signal storage section and deflector being monolithically integrated on a semiconductor substrate. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the control signal storage section and deflector be monolithically integrated on a semiconductor substrate, since it has been held that making formerly separable structures into an integral structure involves only routine skill in the art.

As per claim 4, Okamoto [314] teaches all aspects of the claim except for explicitly teaching a switch for switching whether the deflection control signal is to be supplied to the control signal storage section. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide a switch for switching whether the deflection control signal is to be supplied to the control signal storage section in order to allow one to make adjustment to the deflection without wasting unnecessary computer memory.

As per claim 5, Okamoto [314] teaches all aspects of the claim except for explicitly stating that the deflection control signal output the deflection control signal in

Art Unit: 2881

binary form to the control storage signal when the switch supplies the deflection control signal to the control signal storage section, and the deflection control section output the deflection control signal, which is an analog signal when the switch does not supply the deflection control signal to the control signal storage section. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have the deflection control signal output the deflection control signal in binary form to the control storage signal when the switch supplies the deflection control signal to the control signal storage section, and the deflection control section output the deflection control signal, which is an analog signal when the switch does not supply the deflection control signal to the control signal storage section in order to reduce the amount of memory used when transmitting the signal the control storage section (computer) since it is well known that computers operate in binary, and machinery operates in analog.

As per claims 6,9-10, Okamoto [314] teaches all aspects of the claim except for explicitly stating the deflection control section supply a plurality of deflection control signals to the plurality of deflectors and the control signal storage section store values of the plurality of deflection control signals in parallel, and output them to the deflection control section in series. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the deflection control section supply a plurality of deflection control signals to the plurality of deflectors and the control signal storage section store values of the plurality of deflection control signals in parallel, and output them to the deflection control section in order to allow easier identification of

Art Unit: 2881

electrodes that are damaged, and to insure that the beams are deflected in the proper sequence.

Claims 7-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Okamoto [314] in view of Yasuda [597]. As per claim 7, Okamoto [314] teaches all aspects of the claim except for explicitly stating that the deflection control section further output a clock signal, the control signal storage section outputs a value of deflection control signal according to the clock signal. However, Yamada [597] does teach the deflection control section further output a clock signal, the control signal storage section outputs a value of deflection control signal according to the clock signal. See Yasuda [597] abstract, figs. 3-6, column 4, col. 7 lines 60-69, col. 9 lines 1-15, 50-66, col. 10 lines 20-69, and col. 11 lines 4-11, and 28-35. Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the deflection control section further output a clock signal, the control signal storage section output a value of deflection control signal according to the clock signal in order to generate a signal to control deflection, blanking and pattern data memory as taught in Yasuda [597].

As per claim 8, Yasuda [597] teaches the control signal storage section comprising a shift register including a plurality of flip-flops provide corresponding to the plurality of deflectors, the flip-flops storing thereon values of the corresponding deflection control signals. See Yasuda [597] abstract, figs. 3-6, column 4, col. 7 lines 60-69, col. 9 lines 1-15, 50-66, col. 10 lines 20-69, and col. 11 lines 4-11, and 28-35.

Art Unit: 2881

Claims 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Okamoto [314] in view of Hamaguchi [624]. As per claim 3, Okamoto [314] teaches all aspects of the claim except for explicitly stating a plurality of deflecting electrodes being provided in the edges of the aperture for receiving the plurality of deflection control signals, respectively, and the plurality of deflecting electrodes being electrically isolated from one another. However, Hamaguchi [624] does teach a plurality of deflecting electrodes being provided in the edges of the aperture for receiving the plurality of deflection control signals, respectively, and the plurality of deflecting electrodes being electrically isolated from one another. See Hamaguchi [624] abstract, figs. 1-33, and col. 3 lines 5-30. Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have a plurality of deflecting electrodes being provided in the edges of the aperture for receiving the plurality of deflection control signals, respectively, and the plurality of deflecting electrodes being electrically isolated from one another in order to all independent deflection of the beams as taught in Hamaguchi [624].

### ***Conclusion***

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. U.S. Patent Nos. 3,644,700 to Kruppa et al, and 5,448,075 to Fueki et al. are considered pertinent to the applicants' disclosure. Kruppa [700] is considered pertinent due to its discussion on a method and apparatus for controlling an electron beam. Fueki [075] is considered pertinent due to its discussion on an electron beam exposure system having an improved rate of exposure throughput.

Art Unit: 2881

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Anthony Quash whose telephone number is (571)-272-2480. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday thru Friday 9 a.m. to 5 p.m..

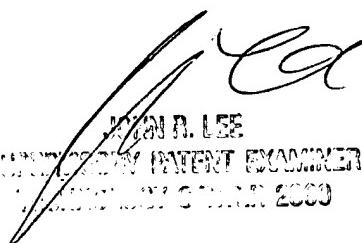
If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John R. Lee can be reached on (571)-272-2477. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Anthony Quash



4/5/04



JOHN R. LEE  
PATENT EXAMINER  
SEARCH AND REVIEW UNIT  
APRIL 5, 2004